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WHEREAS the parties desire to enter into an interim protective order governing the production and use of documents in this action until such time as the parties negotiate and/or the Court enters a final protective order;

WHEREAS the parties enter into this interim protective order without waiving any rights with respect to their positions as to the ultimate form and content of any final protective order to be entered into the future;

## IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED THAT:

#### 1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation would be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled under the applicable legal principles to treatment as confidential. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 10, below, that this Stipulated Protective Order creates no entitlement to file confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and reflects the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

### 2. **DEFINITIONS**

- 2.1 <u>Party</u>: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees, consultants, retained experts, and outside counsel (and their support staff).
- 2.2 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the medium or manner generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony, transcripts, or tangible things) that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to discovery in this matter.
- 2.3 "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential—Attorneys' Eyes Only" Information or Items: information (regardless of how generated, stored or maintained) or tangible

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things that qualify for protection under standards developed under Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c). The following is not Confidential or Highly Confidential—Attorneys' Eyes Only Information or Items, regardless of any designation to the contrary: (a) any information that at the time of disclosure to the receiving party is in the public domain; (b) any information that after disclosure to a receiving party becomes part of the public domain as a result of publication not involving a violation of this Order; (c) any information that a receiving party can show was received by it, whether before or after the disclosure, from a source who obtained the information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the producing party; or (d) any information that a receiving party can show was independently developed by it after the time of disclosure by personnel who have not had access to the producing party's Confidential Information. If a Party believes any designated Confidential or Highly Confidential—Attorneys' Eyes Only Information or Items contain information that said Party will treat as not confidential for the reasons listed in this paragraph, that Party shall notify all other parties to this action in writing, identifying the documents in question by production number (where applicable) and indicating the reason the designation is inapplicable to the information in question.

2.4 <u>"Highly Confidential Financial—Attorneys" Eyes Only" Information or Items:</u> extremely sensitive confidential business and financial information of a defendant, such as pricing, costs, profit margins, and business and/or financial plans, whose disclosure to another defendant or non-party would create a substantial risk of competitive injury that could not be avoided by less restrictive means.

## 2.5 "Confidential—Export Controlled" Information or Items:

"Confidential Information or Items" which the producing party in good faith reasonably believes contain Confidential Information or Items (a) pertaining to technology developed or work done for the U.S. Government pursuant to contract, and (b) which pursuant to contract or law may not be transported outside of the United States and/or disclosed to certain foreign persons.

2.6 <u>Receiving Party</u>: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a Producing Party.

- 2.7 <u>Producing Party</u>: a Party or non-party that produces Disclosure or Discovery Material in this action.
- 2.8 <u>Designating Party</u>: a Party or non-party that designates information or items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as "Confidential," "Highly Confidential—Attorneys Eyes' Only," "Highly Confidential Financial—Attorneys' Eyes Only," or "Confidential—Export Controlled."
- 2.9 <u>Protected Material</u>: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as "Confidential," "Highly Confidential—Attorneys Eyes' Only," "Highly Confidential Financial—Attorneys' Eyes Only," or "Confidential—Export Controlled."
- 2.10 Outside Counsel: attorneys who are not employees of a Party but who are retained to represent or advise a Party in this action and who agree not to substantively participate in patent prosecution in technologies relating to semiconductor packaging until one year after the termination of their involvement in this action, including appeals. Outside Counsel who are not of record in this action must sign the Acknowledgement and Agreement to Be Bound (Exhibit A) before being granted access to Confidential Information or Items.
- 2.11 <u>House Counsel</u>: attorneys who are employees of a Party, who are not involved in patent prosecution and do not actively manage patent prosecution relating to semiconductor packaging, and who have been designated to receive Protected Material in accordance with the terms of this Protective Order.
- 2.12 <u>Counsel (without qualifier)</u>: Outside Counsel and House Counsel (as well as their support staffs).
- 2.13 <u>Expert</u>: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its Counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a consultant in this action.
- 2.14 <u>Professional Vendors</u>: persons or entities that provide litigation support services (e.g., photocopying; videotaping; translating; organizing, storing, retrieving data in any form or medium; etc.) and their employees and subcontractors.

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2.15 <u>Graphics/Trial Consultants</u>: graphics or design consultants retained by a Party or its Counsel for purposes of preparing demonstrative or other exhibits for deposition, trial, or other court proceedings in this action; or non-technical jury or trial consultants, including for mock juries, retained by a Party or its Counsel.

## 3. SCOPE

The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material (as defined above), but also any information copied or extracted therefrom, as well as all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations thereof plus testimony, conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel to or in court or in other settings that might reveal Protected Material. Nothing herein shall prevent Counsel from giving legal advice to their clients based on Protected Material, provided that the substance of such Protected Material is not disclosed to persons not authorized under this Order to receive Protected Material.

## 4. DURATION

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Even after the termination of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs.

## 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

Each Party or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. A Designating Party must take care to designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify—so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection.

Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified, or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process, or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties), expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

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If a Party or non-party determines that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection at all, or do not qualify for the level of protection initially asserted, that Party or non-party must promptly notify all other parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

5.2 <u>Manner and Timing of Designations</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of Section 5.2(a), below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

(a) <u>for information in documentary form (apart from transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings)</u>, that the Producing Party affix the legend "CONFIDENTIAL," "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL FINANCIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or "CONFIDENTIAL—EXPORT CONTROLLED" on each page that contains Protected Material.

A Party or non-party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which material it would like copied and produced. Unless otherwise stated by the Producing Party, during the inspection and before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL FINANCIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." After the inspecting Party has identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order, then, before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the appropriate legend ("CONFIDENTIAL," "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," "EYES ONLY," "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL FINANCIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or "CONFIDENTIAL—EXPORT CONTROLLED") on each page that contains Protected Material.

(b) <u>for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings</u>, that the Party or non-party offering or sponsoring the testimony identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all protected testimony, and further specify

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1	any portions of the testimony that qualify as "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL FINANCIAL—
2	ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." When it is impractical to identify separately each portion of
3	testimony that is entitled to protection, and when it appears that substantial portions of the
4	testimony may qualify for protection, the Party or non-party that sponsors, offers, or gives the
5	testimony may invoke on the record (before the deposition or proceeding is concluded) a right to
6	have up to 20 days from the date the transcript is received by that Party or non-party's
7	representative to identify the specific portions of the testimony as to which protection is sought
8	and to specify the level of protection being asserted ("CONFIDENTIAL," "HIGHLY
9	CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL
10	FINANCIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or "CONFIDENTIAL—EXPORT
11	CONTROLLED). Only those portions of the testimony that are appropriately designated for
12	protection within the 20 days shall be covered by the provisions of this Stipulated Protective
13	Order.
14	Transcript pages containing Protected Material must be separately bound by the
15	court reporter, who must affix to the top of each such page the legend "CONFIDENTIAL,"

"HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL FINANCIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or "CONFIDENTIAL—EXPORT CONTROLLED," as instructed by the Party or non-party offering or sponsoring the witness or presenting the testimony.

(c) for information produced in some form other than documentary, and for any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend "CONFIDENTIAL," "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL FINANCIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or "CONFIDENTIAL—EXPORT CONTROLLED." If only portions of the information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portions, specifying whether they qualify as "Confidential," "Highly Confidential—Attorneys' Eyes Only," Highly Confidential Financial—Attorneys' Eyes Only," or "Confidential—Export Controlled."

1	5.3 <u>Inadvertent Failures to Designate</u> . If timely corrected, an inadvertent
2	failure to designate qualified information or items as "CONFIDENTIAL," "HIGHLY
3	CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL
4	FINANCIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" or "CONFIDENTIAL—EXPORT
5	CONTROLLED" does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party's right to secure
6	protection under this Order for such material. If material is appropriately designated as
7	"CONFIDENTIAL," "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," "HIGHLY
8	CONFIDENTIAL FINANCIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" or "CONFIDENTIAL—
9	EXPORT CONTROLLED" after the material was initially produced, the Receiving Party, on
10	timely notification of the designation, must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is
11	treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.
12	6. <u>CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS</u>
13	6.1 <u>Timing of Challenges</u> . Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's
14	confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable substantial unfairness, unnecessary
15	economic burdens, or a later significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not
16	waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge

6.2 Meet and Confer. A Party that elects to initiate a challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality designation must do so in good faith and must begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of communication are not sufficient) with Outside Counsel for the Designating Party. In conferring, the challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A challenging Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer process first.

6.3 Judicial Intervention. A Party that elects to press a challenge to a confidentiality designation after considering the justification offered by the Designating Party

promptly after the original designation is disclosed.

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1	may file and serve a motion under Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule
2	79-5, if applicable) that identifies the challenged material and sets forth in detail the basis for the
3	challenge. Each such motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration that affirms that
4	the movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed in the preceding
5	paragraph and that sets forth with specificity the justification for the confidentiality designation
6	that was given by the Designating Party in the meet and confer dialogue.

The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating Party. Until the court rules on the challenge, all parties shall continue to afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation.

### 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or produced by another Party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of Section 11, below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

Nothing in this Order shall be construed as limiting a Designating Party's use of its own Protected Material.

#### 7.2 Disclosure of "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL FINANCIAL—

ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL FINANCIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" only to:

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- (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel, as well as employees of said

  Outside Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation;
- (b) No more than two (2) House Counsel of plaintiff (1) who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound By Protective Order" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A, (2) to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, and (3) as to whom the procedures set forth in paragraph 7.7 have been followed. Additionally, House Counsel may designate one paralegal and one clerical/stenographic employee of the particular party (or a parent entity of a party), provided the role of the paralegal and clerical/stenographic employee shall be limited to providing administrative support to House Counsel, and provided that such persons each complete and sign a copy of the "Agreement to Be Bound By Protective Order" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;
- (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A);
  - (d) the Court and its personnel;
- (e) court reporters, their staffs, Professional Vendors, and Graphics/Trial Consultants to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, provided that the person receiving the disclosure has signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A), or that an authorized representative of such service provider has signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" on behalf of the provider;
- (f) the author of the document, the original source of the information, any persons listed as addressees or carbon copy recipients of the document, and any persons whom other documents or testimony reasonably identify as authors or recipients of the document;
- (g) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A), and who are either (i) a present director, officer, and/or employee of the designating party (for avoidance of doubt, a party that produces a third party's confidential documents that previously were obtained by the producing party in litigation, via subpoena or other discovery, is not the "designating party"), (ii) a former director, officer, agent, consultant and/or employee of

the designating party, and who had access to the information that is disclosed during the course of his or her association with the designating party, or (iii) a 30(b)(6) witness of the designating party. Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order.

- 7.3 <u>Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—</u>

  <u>ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" Information or Items.</u> Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" only to:
- (a) Anyone to whom such information or items could be disclosed under this order if they were designated "Highly Confidential Financial—Attorneys' Eyes Only";
- (b) No more than two (2) House Counsel of a Receiving Party (1) who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound By Protective Order" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A, (2) to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, and (3) as to whom the procedures set forth in paragraph 7.7 have been followed. Additionally, House Counsel may designate one paralegal and one clerical/stenographic employee of the particular Party (or a parent entity of a Party), provided the role of the paralegal and clerical/stenographic employee shall be limited to providing administrative support to House Counsel, and provided that such persons each complete and sign a copy of the "Agreement to Be Bound By Protective Order" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.
- 7.4 <u>Disclosure of Third Party Materials, Or Materials Subject to Protective</u>

  Orders In Other Litigation.
- (a) In the event that a Party reasonably believes that, due to a confidentiality obligation owed to a nonparty, it cannot produce certain information ("Restricted Information") in this action, said Party shall within seven days of discovering such obligation: (i) provide written notification to the nonparty that Restricted Information is subject to disclosure in this action, and (ii) provide the nonparty with a copy of this Order. No more than ten business days after making

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(b) Notwithstanding any other provision in this Order, documents or other information, including pleadings or discovery responses, that are produced by a Party in this action, but that were originally produced or prepared by an opposing party or third party in another litigation, and which are designated pursuant to a Protective Order or similar Order or stipulated agreement in the prior action, must be treated in accordance with the confidentiality designations made by the party that originally produced or provided the materials. For example, if a document was produced by a subpoenaed party as "Outside Counsel's Eyes Only" in a prior litigation, and that document is produced by a Party in this action that originally obtained the document pursuant to the subpoena in the prior action, it must be treated as "Outside Counsel's Eyes Only" in this action.

## ordered by the Court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated as "Confidential—Export Controlled" only to persons authorized pursuant to Sections 7.2 and 7.3 of this Order to receive information or items designated as "Confidential," "Highly Confidential—Attorneys' Eyes Only," or "Highly Confidential Financial—Attorneys' Eyes Only." Additionally, information designated as "CONFIDENTIAL—EXPORT CONTROLLED" may not be removed, accessed, taken or allowed to be taken outside the United States, via electronic means or otherwise, and may not be

Information or Items. Subject to the other restrictions in this paragraph, and unless otherwise

Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL—EXPORT CONTROLLED"

7.6 Procedures for Approving Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL," "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL FINANCIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" Information or Items to Experts

disclosed to: (i) any natural person who is not a lawful permanent resident of the United States,

(ii) any entity that is not incorporated or organized to do business in the United States, (iii) any

international organization, or (iv) any foreign government.

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- (a) Unless otherwise ordered by the court or agreed in writing by the Designating Party, a Party that seeks to disclose to an Expert (as defined in this Order) any information or item that has been designated "CONFIDENTIAL," "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL FINANCIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" for the first time must first make a written request to the Designating Party that (1) sets forth the full name of the Expert and the city and state of his or her primary residence, (2) attaches a copy of the Expert's current resume, (3) identifies the Expert's current employer(s), (4) identifies each person or entity from whom the Expert has received compensation for work in his or her areas of expertise or to whom the Expert has provided professional services at any time during the preceding five years, and (5) identifies (by name and number of the case, filing date, and location of court) any litigation in connection with which the Expert has provided any professional services during the preceding five years.
- (b) A Party that makes a request and provides the information specified in the preceding paragraph may disclose Protected Material to the identified Expert unless, within seven court days of delivering the request, the Party receives a written objection from the Designating Party. Any such objection must set forth in detail the grounds on which it is based.
- (c) A Party that receives a timely written objection must meet and confer with the Designating Party (through direct voice to voice dialogue) to try to resolve the matter by agreement. If no agreement is reached, the Party seeking to make the disclosure to the Expert may file a motion as provided in Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if applicable) seeking permission from the court to do so. Any such motion must describe the circumstances with specificity, set forth in detail the reasons for which the disclosure to the Expert is reasonably necessary, assess the risk of harm that the disclosure would entail and suggest any additional means that might be used to reduce that risk. In addition, any such motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration in which the movant describes the parties' efforts to resolve the matter by agreement (i.e., the extent and the content of the meet and confer discussions) and sets forth the reasons advanced by the Designating Party for its refusal to approve the disclosure. Alternatively, the parties may raise with the appointed Magistrate Judge,

hereto.

and the Magistrate Judge may approve and/or Order, an alternative or expedited procedure for resolving any disagreements regarding disclosure to Experts.

In any such proceeding the Party opposing disclosure to the Expert shall bear the burden of proving that the risk of harm that the disclosure would entail (under the safeguards proposed) outweighs the Receiving Party's need to disclose the Protected Material to its Expert.

- 7.7 <u>Procedures for Approving Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS" EYES ONLY" Information or Items to House Counsel</u>
  - (a) The parties designate as House Counsel the persons listed in Exhibit B
- (b) Unless otherwise ordered by the Court or agreed in writing by the Designating Party, a Party that seeks to designate new House Counsel, or replace its existing House Counsel with a new designee, must first make a written request to the Designating Party that (1) sets forth the full name of the House Counsel and the city and state of his or her primary residence, and (2) identifies the House Counsel's current employer(s) and job title.
- (c) A Party that makes a request and provides the information specified in the preceding paragraph may disclose Protected Material to the identified House Counsel unless, within seven court days of delivering the request, the Party receives a written objection from the Designating Party. Any such objection must set forth in detail the grounds on which it is based.
- (d) A Party that receives a timely written objection must meet and confer with the Designating Party (through direct voice to voice dialogue) to try to resolve the matter by agreement. If no agreement is reached, the Party seeking to make the disclosure to the House Counsel may file a motion as provided in Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if applicable) seeking permission from the court to do so. Any such motion must describe the circumstances with specificity, set forth in detail the reasons for which the disclosure to the House Counsel is reasonably necessary, assess the risk of harm that the disclosure would entail and suggest any additional means that might be used to reduce that risk. In addition, any such motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration in which the movant describes the parties' efforts to resolve the matter by agreement (i.e., the extent and the content of the meet and

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confer discussions) and sets forth the reasons advanced by the Designating Party for its refusal to approve the disclosure. Alternatively, the parties may raise with the appointed Magistrate Judge, and the Magistrate Judge may approve and/or Order, an alternative or expedited procedure for resolving any disagreements regarding disclosure to House Counsel.

In any such proceeding the Party opposing disclosure to the House Counsel shall bear the burden of proving that the risk of harm that the disclosure would entail (under the safeguards proposed) outweighs the Receiving Party's need to disclose the Protected Material to the proposed House Counsel.

# 7.8 <u>Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL," "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—</u> ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL FINANCIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" Information Outside the United States

Counsel will not take, remove, or access (via electronic means or otherwise)

"Confidential," "Highly Confidential—Attorneys' Eyes Only," or "Highly Confidential

Financial—Attorneys' Eyes Only" material outside the United States. Furthermore, a Receiving

Party's House Counsel who are U.S. admitted attorneys—or if there is no House Counsel that has

been designated under Section 7.7, above, Outside Counsel--shall assume responsibility for

compliance with this protective order by the Receiving Party's foreign attorneys who had access

to "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential—Attorneys' Eyes Only" material ("Foreign

Attorneys"). Such House or Outside Counsel may be subject to sanctions for violation of the

terms of the protective order by Foreign Attorneys.

## 8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION

If a Receiving Party is served with a subpoena or an order issued in other litigation that would compel disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL," "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL FINANCIAL—ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or "CONFIDENTIAL—EXPORT CONTROLLED," the Receiving Party must so notify the Designating Party, in writing (by fax and/or electronic mail, if possible) immediately and in no event more than three court

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days after receiving the subpoena or order. Such notification must include a copy of the subpoena or court order.

The Receiving Party also must immediately inform in writing the Party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all the material covered by the subpoena or order is the subject of this Protective Order. In addition, the Receiving Party must deliver a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order promptly to the Party in the other action that caused the subpoena or order to issue.

The purpose of imposing these duties is to alert the interested parties to the existence of this Protective Order and to afford the Designating Party in this case an opportunity to try to protect its confidentiality interests in the court from which the subpoena or order issued. The Designating Party shall bear the burdens and the expenses of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material—and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

### 9. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

### 10. FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL

Without written permission from the Designating Party or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5. Procedures governing the use at trial of Protected Information may, if necessary, be established by further Order of the Court.

## 11. FINAL DISPOSITION

Unless otherwise ordered or agreed in writing by the Producing Party, within sixty days after the final termination of this action, each Receiving Party must return or destroy all Protected Material to the Producing Party. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other form of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the sixty day deadline that identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and that affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or other forms of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Outside Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence or attorney work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material.

Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION), above.

## 12. MISCELLANEOUS

- 12.1 <u>Right to Further Relief.</u> Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to seek its modification by the Court in the future.
- 12.2 <u>Right to Assert Other Objections</u>. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.

1	IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.
2	·
3	DATED: June 29, 2006 Lets Shirants
4	Peter Shimamoto
5	pshimamoto@irell.com IRELL & MANELLA LLP
6	1800 Avenue of the Stars
7	Suite 900 Los Angeles, CA 90076-4276
	Phone: (310) 203-7107 Facsimile: (310) 203-7199
8	Attorneys for Plaintiff and Counterclaim
9	Defendant TESSERA, INC.
10	
11	DATED: Elaine Y. Chow
12	echow@prestongates.com PRESTON GATES & ELLIS LLP
13	55 Second Street
14	Suite 1700 San Francisco, CA 94105
15	Phone: (415) 882-8200
16	Facsimile: (415) 882-8220 Attorneys for Defendants and Counterclaim
17	Plaintiffs ADVANCED MICRO DEVICES, INC.; SPANSION, INC.; SPANSION
18	TECHNOLOGY, INC.; and SPANSION LLC
19	
20	DATED:
21	Francis J. Torrence ftorrence@seyfarth.com
22	SEYFARTH SHAW LLP
23	650 Mission Street Suite 3100
24	San Francisco, CA 94105 Phone: (415) 397-2823
	Facsimile: (415) 397-2823 Facsimile: (415) 397-8549
25	Attorneys for Defendants CHIPMOS TECHNOLOGIES INC. and CHIPMOS
26	U.S.A., INC.
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İ	THE CHOCKET COUNTY ATTER TO CONTROLL OF THE

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2	2	
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10		GOI
11	DATED: 6/30/04	Clar
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26		TECHNOLOGIES INC. and CHIPMOS
27		U.S.A., INC.
28		

## Case4:05-cv-04063-CW Document151 Filed06/29/06 Page20 of 27

1	IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEI	L OF RECORD.
2		
3	DATED:	
4		Peter Shimamoto
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		Attorneys for Plaintiff and Counterclaim
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10	DATED.	·
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17		Plaintiffs ADVANCED MICRO DEVICES, INC.; SPANSION, INC.; SPANSION
18		TECHNOLOGY, INC.; and
19		SPANSION LLC
20	DATED: 6-29-06	Tru I To
21		Francis J. Torrence ftorrence@seyfarth.com
22		SEYFARTH SHAW LLP
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26		U.S.A., INC.
27		
28		

	Case4:05-cv-04063-CW	Document151	Filed06/29/06	Page21 of 27
1	DATED: pm 29, 20	206	Tegn	. Donly
2			Teague I Donatdonahev@sid	
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5			San Francisco, Phone: (415)	
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7				ECTRONICS N.V. and ECTRONICS, INC.
8				
9				
10	DATED:			
11			Michael Heafe mheafey@orri	•
			ORRICK, HE	RRINGTON &
12			SUTCLIFFE I	
13			1000 Marsh R Menlo Park, C	
			Phone: (650)	
14			Facsimile: (65	
15				Defendants SILICONWARE
1.0				NDUSTRIES CO., LTD. and
16			SILICONWAI	RE USA INC.
17				
18	DATED:	_	Drett E. Coons	
19			Brett E. Coope brett.cooper@	
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21			Phone: (212) 3	
22			Facsimile: (21	2) 310-8007
23				Defendants ADVANCED ICTOR ENGINEERING,
24			INC.; ASE (U	S.) INC.; STATS CHIPPAC
			LTD.; STATS CHIPPAC (B	CHIPPAC, INC.; and STATS VI) LIMITED
25			(-	
26				
27				
28				
	[PROPOSED] STIPULATED PROTECTIVE	ORDER	-19-	

## 1 DATED: Teague I. Donahey 2 tdonahey@sidley.com 3 SIDLEY AUSTIN LLP 555 California Street 4 **Suite 2000** San Francisco, CA 94104 5 Phone: (415) 772-1200 Facsimile: (415) 772-7400 6 Attorneys for Defendants 7 STMICROELECTRONICS N.V. and STMICROELECTRONICS, INC. 8 9 DATED: June 29, 2006 10 Michael F. Heafey 11 mheafey@orrick.com ORRICK, HERRINGTON & 12 SUTCLIFFE LLP 1000 Marsh Road 13 Menlo Park, CA 94025 Phone: (650) 614-7645 14 Facsimile: (650) 614-7401 15 Attorneys for Defendants SILICONWARE PRECISION INDUSTRIES CO., LTD. and 16 SILICONWARE USA INC. 17 DATED: 18 Brett E. Cooper 19 brett.cooper@weil.com WEIL, GOTSHAL & MANGES LLP 20 767 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10153 21 Phone: (212) 310-8339 Facsimile: (212) 310-8007 22 Attorneys for Defendants ADVANCED 23 SEMICONDUCTOR ENGINEERING. INC.; ASE (U.S.) INC.; STATS CHIPPAC 24 LTD.; STATS CHIPPAC, INC.; and STATS CHIPPAC (BVI) LIMITED 25 26 27 28

Case4:05-cv-04063-CW Document151 Filed06/29/06 Page22 of 27

### 1 DATED: Teague I. Donahey 2 tdonahey@sidley.com SIDLEY AUSTIN LLP 3 555 California Street 4 Suite 2000 San Francisco, CA 94104 5 Phone: (415) 772-1200 Facsimile: (415) 772-7400 6 Attorneys for Defendants STMICROELECTRONICS N.V. and 7 STMICROELECTRONICS, INC. 8 9 DATED: 10 Michael Heafey mheafey@orrick.com 11 ORRICK, HERRINGTON & 12 SUTCLIFFE LLP 1000 Marsh Road 13 Menlo Park, CA 94025 Phone: (650) 614-7645 14 Facsimile: (650) 614-7401 Attorneys for Defendants SILICONWARE 15 PRECISION INDUSTRIES CO., LTD. and 16 SILICONWARE USA INC. 17 Brett E. Cooper DATED: 18 19 brett.cooper@weil.com WEIL, GOTSHAL & MANGES LLP 20 767 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10153 21 Phone: (212) 310-8339 Facsimile: (212) 310-8007 22 Attorneys for Defendants ADVANCED 23 SEMICONDUCTOR ENGINEERING, INC.; ASE (U.S.) INC.; STATS CHIPPAC 24 LTD.; STATS CHIPPAC, INC.; and STATS CHIPPAC (BVI) LIMITED 25 26 27 28

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## Case4:05-cv-04063-CW Document151 Filed06/29/06 Page24 of 27 PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED. DATED: \_\_\_\_\_ HONORABLE ELIZABETH D. LAPORTE UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

1	EXHIBIT A
2	ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND
3 4	I, [print or type full name], of
5	[print or type full address], declare under penalty of
	perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was
6	issued by the United States District Court for the Northern District of California, Oakland
7	Division, on, 2006 in the case of Tessera, Inc. v. Advanced Micro Devices,
8	Inc., et al., Case No. C 05-04063 CW. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of
9	this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will
10	not use or disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated
11	Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this
12	Order.
13	
14	I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for
15	the Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated
16	Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.
17	
	Date:
18	
19	City and State where sworn and signed:
20	
21	Printed name
22	[printed name]
23	Signature
24	[signature]
25	
26	
27	
28	
20	21

1	EXHIBIT B			
2	DESIGNATED HOUSE COUNSEL			
3	For Tessera, Inc.			
4				
5	NAME: TITLE:			
6	1.			
7	2.			
8				
9	For Advanced Micro Devices, Inc.			
10	NAME: TITLE:			
11	1.			
12	2.			
13				
14	For Spansion Inc., Spansion Technology Inc., and Spansion LLC			
15	NAME: TITLE:			
16	1.			
17	2.			
18				
19	For Advanced Semiconductor Engineering Inc. and ASE (U.S.) Inc.			
20	NAME: TITLE:			
<ul><li>21</li><li>22</li></ul>	1.			
23	2.			
24				
25	For ChipMOS Technologies, Inc. and ChipMOS U.S.A., Inc.			
26	NAME: TITLE:			
27	1.			
28				
	22			